# ZAMBEASY.COM LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

## Zambeasy.Com Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

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## Zambeasy.Com Ltd Balance Sheet As at 30 September 2019

Registered number: 03947933

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		88		60
		_		_	
			88		60
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	5,156		21,420	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,788		21,651	
		8,944		43,071	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(14,274)	_	(17,703)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	(5,330)	_	25,368
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	(5,242)	_	25,428
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS		_	(5,242)	_	25,428
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		_			
Called up share capital	6		1,002		1,002
Share premium account			1,798		1,798
Profit and Loss Account			(8,042)		22,628
		_		_	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(5,242)		25,428
		=		=	

## Zambeasy.Com Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 September 2019

For the year ending 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities

25 August 2020

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the
  preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board
Mrs Joanne Chantry
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

# Zambeasy.Com Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Going Concern Disclosure

As at 30 September 2019 the company has net current liabilities and net liabilities. The company's ultimate controlling party has indicated they will continue to support the company for the foreseeable future.

The accounts are prepared on a going concern basis. The use of the going concern basis is appropriate because there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### 1.3. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer Equipment

Straight line over 3 years

#### 1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### 2. Average Number of Employees

The average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 4 (2018: 4)

## ZambeæsৣyeGom Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2019

3. Tangible Assets		
		Computer Equipment
		£
Cost		
As at 1 October 2018		10,607
Additions		132
As at 30 September 2019		10,739
Depreciation		
As at 1 October 2018		10,547
Provided during the period		104
As at 30 September 2019		10,651
Net Book Value		
As at 30 September 2019		88
As at 1 October 2018		60
4. Debtors		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	4,695	16,082
Other debtors	461	5,338
	5,156	21,420
5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	2,130	2,241
Other creditors	11,386	12,570
Taxation and social security	758	2,892
	14,274	17,703
6. Share Capital		
	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1,002	1,002

### 7. General Information

Zambeasy.Com Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 03947933. The registered office is Mill House Liphook Road, Haslemere, Surrey, GU27 3QE.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electro authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.	onic form,
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